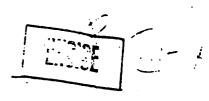
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THE HORNELL CASE - Gleanings

The GCC felt it had motivation to proceed against Horman:

-- One of Norman's old neighbors was called about 0000, 9/13/73 by a person identifying himself as an officer for Chilean military intelligence. She was told that an unidentified "gringo with a beard" had been detained, and he had her name and phone number. She explained Hormen was a forcer neighbor who occasionally used her phone. She was asked if she knew Horman was an "extremist" and whether she knew he worked in filmmaking. She responded she had no knowledge of Horman's activities. (undated memo by husband Hario Carvajal Araya attached to 10/30/73 memo by Anderson.) Question: How

(b) (5) ... did they develop the leads which led then to look for him?

-- The GOC accused Horman (and Teruggi) of subversive (b) (5) activities (Oct. 30 memo from Chilean Army Intelligence).

Question: Where did they get the information? What was the basis for their conclusions?

-- Gen. Lutz said they had knowledge that Teruggi was in Chile to spread false rumors to the outside world (b) (1) regarding Chile (Col. Hon memo of 10/16/73).

-- Horman/Teruggi werm involved in a news clipping (b) (e) service (FIN) favorable to Allenda (Purdy/Ressler).

-- Horman was doing research on GOC/USG tie in (b) (e) Schnoider assassination (Mrs. Ecrman).

- Borman worked in Chile Films for Eduardo Parodes, one-time Allende Investigaciones Director (Manitras). (a) (5) Parades was often accused of being a Minista (Dio Sketch). Question: Were Parades' activities considered so unsavory that they tainted Horman? Was , liorman using Paredes as a source for his study of the Schneider assassination?

- Borman "knew too much" (Gonzales).



1/ Cocasional references are made to Teruggi since the cases are closely linked.

> Chile Project (#\$1999000067 U.S. Department of State Release __Excise

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(b) (5) 2. The GGC killed Horman - Chronology:

- -- Eorman roturns to Santiago 1730, Saturday, 9/15/73, with Capt. Davis.
- He checks into Riviera Hotel night of 9/15 (Steven Volk/Anderson memo of 10/1/73). Horman returns to his querters on 9/16 (Mrs. Horman). Mrs. Horman last saw husband on 9/17 (Santiago 4715, 9/29/73). But she reported to U.S. Embassy she had not seen her husband after 9/10 when he left for Vina del Har (Santiago 5667, 11/19/73).
- -- Visits U.S. Embassy afternoon of 9/17 (Manitzas).
- -- A military patrol arrests Horman on 9/17 between 1630-1800 hours (neighbors):.

 Cuestion: Here they specifically looking for Horman?
- Military return at 2200 and haul away several cartons from Horman's place (neighbors).
 - -- Priend of Horman's, Warwick Armstrong, gets secondhand message morning of 9/18 to report to the nearest police station to answer questions regarding a friend who makes films (Santiago 5667, 11/18/73).
 - -- Markick Armstrong informs Consulate around noon 9/18 that Norman was detained.
 - -- Military intelligence calls neighbors around 0800 9/10 to ask about detained "bearded gringo" (Mrs. Mario Carvajal Araya).
 - -- He is seen outside Gen. Lutz' office (Gonzalez). Cuestion: What time?
 - -- The Foreign Ministry confirms, then denies, Norman = 202 was detained at the studium Soptember 20 and was released the following day (Foreign Ministry).
 - -- UN official said military sources reported that Norman "had been savagely beaten and shot" (Anderson memo 10/18/73).



- Chileen who asked not to be identified claimed that a relative, an officer in Naval Intolligence, said that American prisoner who the relative had personally interrogated had later been taken out and shot (Anderson mono 10/18/73).

(b) (6) — Source at stadium passes word to Embassy through Enrique Sandoval around 9/30 that Horman is dead (Enrique Sandoval statement to Ressler/Diuguid/Fimbres).

The Ganzalez Connection:

(b) (6)

<u>...</u>

-- Gonzalez served for 20 years as intelligence officer with Mational Dofense Staff (Gonzalez).

(b) (6) Consales had contacts with the superiors sent him to pick up or deliver material (Gonzales).

On 9/11 accompanied troops that stormed La Honeda.

His job was to collect papers and to take them to the Ministry of Defense (Gonzalez).

Custion: Can we verify this from GOC records?

-- Re volunteered his services to the military immediately after the coup; PACS later hired him as an informer (Admiral Carvajul).

- -- Transferred to PACH 5/15/74 as a civilian with rank of Captain in the reserves (Gonzalez).
- -- Saw the "guys" that brought Horman back to Santiago (Santialox). Question: When? Who were they?
 - Re was called in to the Office of Army Intelligence on the Borman arrest (Gonzalez). At that time he was working for the Estado Mayor de Defensa Nacional (Gonzalez). He was present as an interpreter (Gonzalez to Omang). Horman's Spanish was rather poor despite his many months in Chile. (Lt. Col. Ryan 10/5/73 memo). But Gonzalez never talked to Horman (Gonzalez).

 Questions: Who called Gonzalez in? What time was it?

 How long was he in the office? What else was Baid about Horman? Can he further describe the civilian in the office?

THE SSEET



- -- Chilean Naval counter-intelligence officer tells Milgrp 3/14/74 he has authority to effect transfer of Norman's remains (Embassy cable).
- Contaler contacts Anderson at the U.S. Consulate (Anderson). Gonzaler was sent by "intelligence service" on March 21, 1974, to assist Consulate in "recognition" and exhumation of Norman's body (Gonzalez). He would not name the superior officer giving him the order (Embassy cable). The "intelligence service" who sent him remembered that Gonzalez had seen forman alive and consequently could identify the body (Gonzalez).

 Questions: Who sent Conzalez to the Consulate?

 Did he go directly to Anderson? Why, because he knew him? Did he identify himself as a FACH Lt. Col. as

- "Screbody from CIA came over to the Ministry", name not recalled, and together they went to the cemetery to search for Horman's body (Gonzalez-Manitzas tape).

Questions: Was this Anderson? Nas this a second recting following Gonzalez' call on the Consulcte?

- -- Se identified Horman's body by the clothes, blond hair and beard (Gonzalez Embassy cable). Horman had a beard when seen outside Lutz' office (Gonzalez). Capt. Davis described Horman as having on 9/15 a beard and black hair (memo of 10/30/73). But Horman shaved his beard on 9/15 (or 9/17) "because of the coup" (Manitzas/Purdy memo of 11/30/73). However, Mrs. Horman saw her husband last time on 9/16 and circulated picture of Horman with beard (Purdy memo of 11/30/73). When detained Horman had a beard (Warwick Armstrong report see below).

 Cuestions: Did Gonzalez identify Horman on the hasis or seeing him in Lutz' outer office or from pictures in the press? What about the blond/black hair discrepancy? Or beard/no beard aspect?
- -- Genzalez takes asylum in Italian Embassy on September 3, 1075. Alleges DINA threatened to kill him because he knows too much and was critical of DINA abuses (Gonzalez)
- (b) (3) Consales begins to spread stories of alleged cosy working relations and misdeeds of numerous coc officials; accused of providing thit lists to DINA (Embassy).

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-- In November 1975 AP correspondent and Italian Charge separately bring Gonzalex' stories to Embassy's attention (Tipton/Stavan).

(b) (1) — Embasey checks with Allegations denied; Gonzaler is described as rejected walk-in prior to 9/73.

record indicates Gonzalez' mental stability is question-

(b) (l)

asserts relation with DINA chief
is arms-length, consistent with agreed-upon guidelines.
Therefore, unconcerned if Gonzalez accusations appear
in press.

-- Embassy apparently heads off press stories on Gonzalez' allegations.

- General Lutz (letter to Pinochet, 4/27/76).
 - In early June 1976, Rauch, Omeng, and Nanitzas held several interviews with Gonzalez. Gonzalez is asked whether he knows anything regarding two dead Americans. He refers to Horman; says he never heard of Toruggi. He repeated his allegations that CIA got "rixed up" in Horman's death and "was behind it".
 - -- In same interviews with the press Gonzalez refers to Anderson as a CIA agent (Manitzas tape).
 - -- He repeats this to U.S. Consul June 22 and claims he had known Anderson socially since 1972. He also refers to and describes employee.

 (NOTE: Embassy says he most likely referring to a employee who was recently transferred.)
 - In same interviews, U.S. press confirms Generalez bonn fides as retired civilian from FACR. This based on Controlaria document (Manitzes).

 Custions: Can Embassy confirm this documentation?

 Centirm Genzalez' retirement status?
- The June 8 interview with U.S. Consul, Gentalez invites Consul to send Embassy political officer to query him on his knowledge of operations.

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(b) (a)

Names at this time a and employee (N.H. those two were stationed in Santiago

* Executive privileged information the late 1950's.

Withheld in brackets

Well he knew the officers he has mentioned?

How does this square with discislent of the control of the control

the reported psychiatrists observations with the quastion of Gonzalez' instability?

(b) (5) 4. Did the USG play a role in Homan's arrest?

in Chile?

(b) (5)

(b) (5)

-- Copy of hotel registration card for Horman/Simon obtained (Capt. Davis - memo 10/30/73).

-- The GOO appears to have been immediately aware of Horman's return from Valparaiso with Capt. Davis (Diuguid/Manitzas based on Gonzalez intefviews).

-- A civilizar was prosent in Gam. Luta' office while norman waited outside. Consalez imagined the civilizan to be with U.S. intelligence "by the way he behaved, his dress, shoes, and overything (Genzalez/Manitzas taps).

Outstions: Can he buttress his conclusion with more information? Can he provide a description of this "American'? Did we not immediately beef up after the coup the number of U.S. intelligence agents

(b) (1) -- Gonzalez speculates in June 6 statement that GOC would not dare shoot a U.S. citizen unless a "go anead" was given from the U.S. side (June 8 interview - Embassy transcript).

WA SSELL

-- The October 30 permorandum from Army Intelligence to Colonel Hon may have been also based on information provided by U.S. intelligence (Diuguid). The Chileans were seeking confirmation that Horman was a radical (Krs. Carvajal), or other information on him (Armstrong).

Cuestions: Was U.S. intelligence queried about Horman? Wouldn't the Chileans logically ask its U.S. intelligence contacts about a U.S. citizen considered dangerous?

5.9 8 5 **(%**)